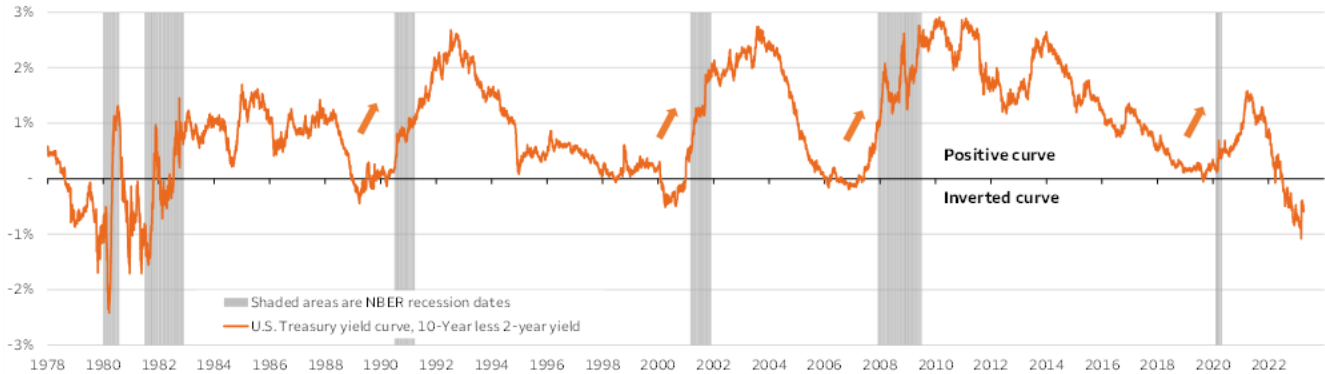


What message is the yield curve sending?



Sources: Bloomberg, Wells Fargo Investment Institute, and National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER). Latest data as of April 10, 2023. Arrows indicate periods of yield curve dis-inversion ending in a positive 10-year less 2-year spread and heralding recession. **Past performance is no guarantee of future results.**

When the yield curve is positive again, recession is almost upon us

The financial volatility of early March caused a sharp dis-inversion (re-steepening) of the U.S. Treasury yield curve, raising concerns that recession may potentially be imminent.

In the past, the 2- and 10-year U.S. Treasury (2s/10s) yield curves have been fairly reliable signals of an approaching recession. Less well known is that when the 2s/10s yield curve has sharply dis-inverted and returned to positive territory (in other words, when 10-year U.S. Treasuries once again yielded more than 2-years), recession has often followed.

The chart bears this out, showing that the past four recessions have been preceded by the yield curve moving quickly from an inverted position back to a positive one.

What it may mean for investors

While we believe the latest yield curve dis-inversion is not enough to signal an imminent recession, we believe one may potentially occur in the second half of this year. Instead of investors focusing on the possibility of a recession, we encourage them to seek favorable stock prices and other opportunities a downturn can potentially bring.

Peter Wilson, *Global Fixed Income Strategist*

This chart was excerpted from the Investment Strategy report dated April 17, 2023.

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Each asset class has its own risk and return characteristics. The level of risk associated with a particular investment or asset class generally correlates with the level of return the investment or asset class might achieve. **Bonds** are subject to market, interest rate, price, credit/default, liquidity, inflation and other risks. Prices tend to be inversely affected by changes in interest rates. **High yield (junk) bonds** have lower credit ratings and are subject to greater risk of default and greater principal risk. Although **Treasuries** are considered free from credit risk they are subject to other types of risks. These risks include interest rate risk, which may cause the underlying value of the bond to fluctuate.

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